SAFETY DATA SHEET



8-810 Fast Performance Hardener Fast

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

- : 8-810 Fast Performance Hardener Fast
- Product description Product type
- : Not available.
- : Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Professional spray painting, near-industrial setting Use in coatings - Hardener.

Uses advised against Not applicable.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Valspar b.v. Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad The Netherlands tel: +31 (0)320 292200

e-mail address of person : msds@valspar.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Sherwin-Williams UK Limited Avenue One Station Lane, Witney, United Kingdom Oxfordshire OX28 4XR

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre			
Telephone number	: UK: 0-800-014-8126 CALL: +(44)-870-8200418 (Hours of operation - 24 hours)		
<u>Supplier</u>			
Telephone number	: Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (8:30AM - 5PM)		

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360D STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 8/7/2024

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May damage the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to professional users.
Special packaging requirem	ents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	EC: 500-060-2 CAS: 28182-81-2	≥50 - ≤75	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
heptan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119902391-49 EC: 203-767-1 CAS: 110-43-0	≥10 - ≤22	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Index: 606-024-00-3 REACH #: 01-2119463583-34 EC: 265-198-5 CAS: 64742-94-5	≤9.6	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
3-lsocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	REACH #: 01-2119488734-24 EC: 500-125-5 CAS: 53880-05-0	≤10	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≤5.4	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≤4.9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]
2-butoxyethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475112-47 EC: 203-933-3 CAS: 112-07-2 Index: 607-038-00-2	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]
trimethylbenzene	EC: 247-099-9 CAS: 25551-13-7	≤2.4	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
dioctyltin dilaurate	REACH #: 01-2119979527-19 EC: 222-883-3 CAS: 3648-18-8 Index: 050-031-00-9	<1	Repr. 1B, H360D STOT RE 1, H372 (immune system)	[1] [2]
naphthalene	EC: 202-049-5 CAS: 91-20-3 Index: 601-052-00-2	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) See Section 16 for	[1] [2]
			the full text of the H statements declared above.	

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

8-810 Fast Performance Hardener Fast

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

1.1 Description of first aid n	neasures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms				
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations			

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO_{2} , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	om	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions,	protective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

hygiene measures.

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds Danger criteria Notification and MAPP Safety report threshold Category Notification and MAPP Safety report threshold P5c 5000 tonne 50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [isocyanates,
	all, except methyl isocyanate] Inhalation sensitiser.
	STEL 15 minutes: 0.07 mg/m³ (as -NCO).
	TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m ³ (as -NCO).
heptan-2-one	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL 15 minutes: 475 mg/m ³ .
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 237 mg/m ³ .
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [isocyanates,
isocyanate, oligomers	all, except methyl isocyanate] Inhalation sensitiser.
	STEL 15 minutes: 0.07 mg/m³ (as -NCO).
	TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m ³ (as -NCO).
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)
	STEL 15 minutes: 966 mg/m ³ .
	STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 724 mg/m ³ .
	TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [xylene, o-,m-,
	p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL 15 minutes: 441 mg/m ³ .
	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m ³ .
	STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
2-butoxyethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm.
	STEL 15 minutes: 332 mg/m ³ .
	TWA 8 hours: 133 mg/m ³ .
trimethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020)
	[trimethylbenzenes, all isomers or mixtures]
	TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 125 mg/m ³ .
dioctyltin dilaurate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [tin
	compounds, organic, except cyhexatin (ISO)] Absorbed through
	skin.
	STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 mg/m³ (as Sn).
	TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Sn).
naphthalene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)
	TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m ³ .

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
xylene naphthalene	 EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift. EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons] BGV: 4 µmol/mol creatinine, 1-hydroxypyrene [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
procedures Standard E	should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and

exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres -Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Hexamethylene diisocyanate,	DNEL	Long term	0.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
oligomers		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Short term	1 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ū		
	DNEL	Long term	0.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ū		
	DNEL	Short term	1 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ū		
heptan-2-one	DNEL	Long term Oral	23.32 mg/	General	Systemic
·			kg bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	23.32 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	54.27 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	84.31 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³ C	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	394.25 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1516 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy	DNEL	Long term	150 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
arom.		Inhalation	_		-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		-
	DNEL	Long term	32 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.03 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.28 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.69 mg/m ³		Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.69 mg/m ³		Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.95 mg/	Workers	Systemic
e of issue/Date of revision : 8/7/	2024	Date of previous issue	: 6/25/202	24	Version :1

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ECTION 8: Exposure cont	rols/p	personal prote	ction		
	-	-	kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.31 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.31 mg/m ³	Workers	Syster
	DNEL	Short term Oral	25.6 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Syster
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	143.5 mg/ m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	160.23 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m ³	General population	Syster
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m³	Workers	Syste
3-Isocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.3 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.6 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.29 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.58 mg/m³	Workers	Local
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Syste
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Syste
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Syste
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Syste
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Syste
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Syste
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Syste
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Syste
		Short term Oral	2 ma/ka	General	Sveto

DNEL

DNEL

DNEL

DNEL

DNEL

DNEL

Long term

Short term Oral

Long term Dermal

Short term Dermal

Long term Dermal

Short term Dermal

: 6/25/2024

2 mg/kg

bw/day

bw/day

6 mg/kg

bw/day

7 mg/kg

bw/day

bw/day

11 mg/kg

12 mg/m³

3.4 mg/kg

Version :1

General

General

General

Workers

Workers

General

population

population

population

Systemic

Systemic

Systemic

Systemic

Systemic

Systemic

		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DUE	Inhalation		a 1	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation Short term	$200 m g/m^{3}$	population General	Sustamia
	DNEL	Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	500 mg/m	WOIKEI3	Local
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	g,		
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
ylene	DNEL	Short term	174 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Short term	174 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg	[Consumers] General	Systemic
	DINLL	Long term Oral	bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³		Local
		Inhalation	eereg,	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³		Systemic
		Inhalation	Ũ	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	221 mg/m	VUIKEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DITE	Inhalation	200 mg/m	population	Loodi
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ū	population	
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	4.4 //	o 1	0 1 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg	General	Systemic
arom.	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 32 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
		Inhalation	52 mg/m	population	Cysternie
	DNEL	Long term Oral	11 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		U	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		-
	DNEL	Long term	150 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		. .	
	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³		Systemic
		Inhalation	$1.0 m g/m^{3}$	population	Sustamia
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m ³	population	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	,	population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
	1	Inhalation	m³ Ö		

	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³ Ö		,
2-butoxyethyl acetate	DNEL	Short term	499 mg/m³	General	Systemic
, ,		Inhalation	Ũ	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	775 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ		,
	DNEL	Long term	80 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	5	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	133 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			-,
	DNEL	Short term	200 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		5	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Short term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		-	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	72 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	102 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	120 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	169 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	333 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ū		
dioctyltin dilaurate	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.0005 mg/	General	Systemic
-			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.0009 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.0035 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³ Õ		-
naphthalene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.57 mg/	Workers	Systemic
•		Ĩ	kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	- 3		
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	- <u>J</u>		,

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Fresh water	0.127 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.0127 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	266700 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	26670 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	38.28 mg/l	-
	Soil	53182 mg/kg dwt	-
heptan-2-one	Fresh water	0.0982 mg/l	-
•	Marine water	0.00982 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	12.5 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	1.89 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.189 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.321 mg/kg dwt	-
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.018 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l	-
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SECTION 8: Exposure	controls/persona	I protection
	•	

ECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection			
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg dwt	-
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Fresh water	0.304 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.0304 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	90 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	2.03 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.203 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.415 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	60 mg/kg	-
dioctyltin dilaurate	Fresh water	0.002 µg/l	-
	Marine water	0.0002 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant	-	
	Fresh water sediment	0.028 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0028 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.006 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	0.02 mg/kg	-
naphthalene	Fresh water	2.4 µg/l	-
	Marine water	2.4 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	2.9 mg/l	-
	Plant	_	
	Fresh water sediment	67.2 µg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	67.2 µg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	53.3 µg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measure	<u>s</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

•	· · ·
Hand protection	 Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 butyl rubber polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) Viton® >= 0.7 mm 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective gloves; EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (>= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protection. Only suitable for brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective gloves immediately.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: full-face mask supplied-air respirator
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/7/2024 Date of previous issue : 6/25/2024	Versi
Solubility(ies)	:	
Viscosity	 Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C): 4 mm²/s 	
рН	Not applicable.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: 333°C (631.4°F)	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F)	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 7.6%	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >100°C (>212°F)	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.	
Odour threshold	: Not available.	
Odour	: Pungent. Sweetish.	
Colour	: Colourless.	
Physical state	: Liquid.	
<u>Appearance</u>		

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Media		Result	
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble	
Solubility in water	: 1	Not applicable.	
Miscible with water	: 1	No.	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: 1	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	: 1	1.3 kPa (10 mm Hg)	
Evaporation rate	: 1	1 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Relative density	: 1	1.014	
Density	: 1	1.014 g/cm³	
Vapour density	: 4	4 [Air = 1]	
Explosive properties	: 1	Not available.	
Oxidising properties	: 1	Not available.	
Particle characteristics			
Median particle size	: 1	Not applicable.	

SECTION 10: Stabili	ty and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	18500 mg/m³	1 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	2.18 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	16.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>4688 mg/m ³	4 hours
,, ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
3-Isocyanatomethyl-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl			C C	
isocyanate, oligomers				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>14000 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12126 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	6193 mg/m ³	4 hours
(petroleum), light arom.			-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3160 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3592 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1880 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-
dioctyltin dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
8-810 Fast Performance Hardener Fast	12307.7	17673.3	105099.4	17.2	N/A
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
heptan-2-one	1600	N/A	N/A	16.8	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10760	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
xylene	4300	1100	5000	29000	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	3592	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butoxyethyl acetate	N/A	1500	N/A	11	N/A
trimethylbenzene	8970	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
dioctyltin dilaurate	6450	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
naphthalene	490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
heptan-2-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 mg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 uL	-
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Éyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
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0		gical information				
	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 100 uL	-
	2-butoxyethyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
		Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
		Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	495 mg	-
		Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.05 MI	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising
Ŭ	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test OECD 476 In vitro	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: +/- Experiment: In vitro	Negative Negative
	Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Subject: Mammalian-Animal Metabolic activation: +/-	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
Carcinogenicity			
Not available			

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available. Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
3-lsocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

<u> </u>			
Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
dioctyltin dilaurate	Category 1	-	immune system

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes	: Not available.
of exposure	

Potential	acute	<u>health</u>	<u>effects</u>

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

: Not available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposur	<u>'e</u>
Potential immedia	te

effects	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	3.3 mg/m³	90 days; 6 hours per day

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	•
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage the unborn child.

Other information : Not available. SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Acute LC50 131000 μ g/l Fresh water Acute EC50 11 mg/l Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l Acute EC50 2 to 5 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l Acute EC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Danio rerio Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia Fish	72 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 72 hours 48 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 11 mg/l Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Danio rerio Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia Fish Algae - Selenastrum	96 hours 96 hours 72 hours 48 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 11 mg/l Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia Fish Algae - Selenastrum	96 hours 96 hours 72 hours 48 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 11 mg/l Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia Fish Algae - Selenastrum	 96 hours 72 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 11 mg/l Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella</i> <i>subcapitata</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> Daphnia Fish Algae - <i>Selenastrum</i>	 96 hours 72 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Acute EC50 11 mg/l Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Pimephales promelas Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia Fish Algae - Selenastrum	72 hours 48 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia Fish Algae - Selenastrum	48 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	subcapitata Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia Fish Algae - Selenastrum	48 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> Daphnia Fish Algae - <i>Selenastrum</i>	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Daphnia Fish Algae - Selenastrum	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Daphnia Fish Algae - <i>Selenastrum</i>	48 hours 96 hours
Acute EC50 >100 mg/l Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Fish Algae - <i>Selenastrum</i>	96 hours
Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum	
Acute EC50 397 mg/l Acute EC50 44 mg/l	•	
Acute EC50 44 mg/l	•	72 hours
	capricornutum	
	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
loate Eeee of mg/i Marine Water	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp -	48 hours
	Artemia salina	10 nouro
Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Acute NOEC 200 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Daggerblade	48 hours
	grass shrimp - <i>Palaemonetes</i>	
	pugio	
Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water		96 hours
Acute EC50 2.9 mg/l		72 hours
Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Acute NOEC >1 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
Ũ	subcapitata	
Acute EC50 1570 mg/l		72 hours
J		
Acute EC50 37 mg/l		48 hours
		96 hours
	· ·	48 hours
Acute 2000 0000 µg/1 Marine water		40 110013
Aguta ECEO 1.6 mg/l Erach water		10 hours
Acute EC50 1.6 mg/l Fresh water		48 hours
		101
Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water		48 hours
Acute LC50 213 μg/l Fresh water	•	96 hours
	rainbowfish - <i>Melanotaenia</i>	
	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l Acute NOEC >1 mg/l Acute EC50 1570 mg/l Acute EC50 37 mg/l Acute LC50 22 mg/l Acute LC50 5600 μg/l Marine water Acute EC50 1.6 mg/l Fresh water	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh waterFish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelasAcute EC50 2.9 mg/lAlgae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitataAcute EC50 3.2 mg/lDaphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykissAcute LC50 9.2 mg/lFish - Oncorhynchus mykissAcute EC50 1570 mg/lAlgae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitataAcute EC50 37 mg/lAlgae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitataAcute EC50 37 mg/lDaphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Oncorhynchus mykissAcute EC50 37 mg/lDaphnia - Daphnia magna subcapitataAcute LC50 22 mg/lFish - Pimephales promelas Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemonetes pugioAcute EC50 1.6 mg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - NeonateAcute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine waterCrustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemonetes pugioAcute LC50 213 µg/l Fresh waterFish - Crimson-spotted

SECTION 12: Ecological information

		fluviatilis - Larvae	
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Fiddler crab -	3 weeks
		<i>Uca pugnax</i> - Adult	
	Chronic NOEC 1.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Mozambique tilapia -	60 days
		Oreochromis mossambicus	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	EU 67/548/EEC ANNEX V, C.4.E.	1 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
heptan-2-one	-	69 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	50 % - Readily - 28 days	-	Fresh water
3-lsocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	OECD 302C Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)	5 % - 28 days	-	-
	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	1 % - 28 days	-	-
n-butyl acetate	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	>80 % - 5 days	-	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	78 % - Readily - 28 days	-	Fresh water

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Hexamethylene diisocyanate,	Fresh water 7.7 days, 23°C	-	Not readily
oligomers			
heptan-2-one	-	-	Readily
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	-	Readily
heavy arom.			-
3-Isocyanatomethyl-	-	-	Not readily
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl			
isocyanate, oligomers			
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	-	Readily
light arom.			
2-butoxyethyl acetate	-	90.4%; 28 day(s)	-

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	5.54	367.7	Low
heptan-2-one	2.26	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	99 to 5780	High
3-lsocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	14.48	-	High
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/7/2024 Date of previou	s issue : 6/25/2024	Version : 1 19/26

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 xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	High	
light arom.			_	
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1.51	-	Low	
trimethylbenzene	3.4 to 3.8	-	Low	
dioctyltin dilaurate	-	<100	Low	
naphthalene	3.4	36.5 to 168	Low	
	1			

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.

Waste	cata	loq	ue
		_	

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

8-810 Fast Performance H	lardener Fast
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SECTION 14: 1	ransport info	ormation		
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIALPAINT RELATED MATER	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL RIAL	Paint related material
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group			111	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Additional informati	<u>on</u>			
ADR/RID ADN	Limite Speci Tunn : The p transp	ed identification number ad quantity 5 L al provisions 163, 650, al code (D/E) roduct is only regulated a ported in tank vessels. al provisions 163, 367,	367 is an environmentally ha	zardous substance when
IMDG		gency schedules F-E, _ al provisions 163, 223,		
ΙΑΤΑ	: Quan Cargo Passe		r and Cargo Aircraft: 60 I ckaging instructions: 366 aging instructions: Y344.	
14.6 Special precaut user	uprigh		t persons transporting th	n closed containers that are le product know what to do in
14.7 Transport in bu according to IMO instruments	lk : Notav	vailable.		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>UK (GB)/REACH</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed above the relevant limit.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed above the relevant limit.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Part	Ingredient name	Status
Part 1	dioctyltin dilaurate	Listed

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
8-810 Fast Performance Hardener Fast	≥90	3
		30
dioctyltin dilaurate	<1	20
		30
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	≤0.1	74
3-isocyanatomethyl-	≤0.1	74
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate		
toluene	≤0.1	48
benzene	<0.1	5
		72

Labelling

: Restricted to professional users.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category	
P5c	

EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed. Montreal Protocol Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals	<u>utants</u>
(integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed. Montreal Protocol Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals	<u>utants</u>
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed. Montreal Protocol Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals	<u>utants</u>
Not listed. Montreal Protocol Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals	<u>utants</u>
Montreal Protocol Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals	
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Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals	
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Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals	
Not listed. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals	
Not listed. UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals	
Inventory list	
Australia : All components are listed or exempted.	•
Canada : All components are listed or exempted.	•
China : All components are listed or exempted.	•
Eurasian Economic Union : Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted.	•
Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.	,
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.	•
New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.	
Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.	•
Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.	listed or exempted.
	listed or exempted.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	 This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.				
 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative 				
, , ,				

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360D	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Full toxt of cl	assifications

Full text of classifications

SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4				
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1				
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1				
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2				
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3				
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1				
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2				
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2				
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3				
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B				
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2				
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1				
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B				
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1				
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3				
Date of printing	: 8/7/2024				
Date of issue/ Date of	: 8/7/2024				
revision					
Date of previous issue	: 6/25/2024				
Version	: 1				

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

SUMI Safe Use of Mixtures Information for end-users



: Professional spray painting, near-industrial setting

This document is intended to communicate the conditions of safe use for the product and should always be read in combination with the product's Safety Data Sheet and labels.

General description of the process covered

Indoor spray painting by professionals with efficient ventilation such as spray booth or local exhaust ventilation

Operational conditions

Title

Place of use : Indoor use

Risk management measures (RMM)

Contributing activity	Process category	Maximum duration	Ventilation	
	(ies)		Туре	ach (air changes per hour)
Preparation of material for application	PROC05	More than 4 hours	Enhanced (mechanical) room ventilation	5 - 10
Loading of application equipment and handling of coated parts before curing	PROC08a	More than 4 hours	Enhanced (mechanical) room ventilation	5 - 10
Professional application of coatings and inks by spraying	PROC11	More than 4 hours	Local exhaust ventilation	Refer to relevant technical standards
Film formation - force drying, stoving and other technologies	PROC04	More than 4 hours	Enhanced (mechanical) room ventilation	Refer to relevant technical standards
Cleaning	PROC05	More than 4 hours	Enhanced (mechanical) room ventilation	5 - 10
Waste management	PROC08a	More than 4 hours	Enhanced (mechanical) room ventilation	5 - 10
Contributing activity	Process category (ies)	Respiratory	Eye	Hands
Preparation of material for application	PROC05	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Loading of application equipment and handling of coated parts before curing	PROC08a	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Professional application of coatings and inks by spraying	PROC11	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Film formation - force drying, stoving and other technologies	PROC04	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	None	None
Cleaning	PROC05	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Waste management	PROC08a	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

See section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet for specifications.



Disclaimer

The information in this Safe Use of Mixture Information sheet is based on the data provided by the substance supplier for the substances in the product for which a chemical safety assessment has been carried out at the time of issue. It does not guarantee safe use of the product and does not replace any occupational risk assessment required by legislation. When developing workplace instructions for employees, SUMI sheets should always be considered in combination with the SDS and the label of the product.

No liability is accepted for any damage, no matter of what kind, which is direct or indirect consequence of acts and/or decisions (partly) based on the contents of this document.